

## Items From Kinsella District

A fourth class room has been added to the Kinsella school and three school busses are to bring pupils from districts north, south and west of town. Teachers are as follows:

Mr. H. Ross—Principal.

Miss W. Rude—Intermediate Room Div. 3.

Mr. H. Piscia—Elementary Room Div. 2.

Miss M. Hoskins—Primary room Div. 1.

Mrs. J. Glover of South Dakota USA, is holidaying here with her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. J. Beschell. Mrs. Glover travelled to Edmonton by plane.

Miss L. McKie of Calgary is spending a week at her home here.

At the monthly meeting of the W.I. Mrs. P. Moeller was elected secretary in place of Mrs. F. Murray who has left for holiday in England.

Mrs. G. Paterson and Marilyn have returned home after visiting in eastern Canada for two months.

The monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid will be held in the United church, Sept. 12.

David Brown celebrated his ninth birthday by entertaining his friends at a birthday party

The regular infant and preschool clinic of the Holden Health Unit is held on the second Thurs. of every month, 2-4 p.m. at the Kinsella hotel. Parents are invited to bring their children in for free inspection, advice and immunization.

Joan Wits who is visiting here from Calgary also entertained at a birthday party on the occasion of her 8th birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Weber, and Mr. and Mrs. C. Bawden of Sedgewick were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. McKie Sunday.

## BREAKFAST

How busy a mother may be, she will find that it pays, in more ways than one, to serve a substantial breakfast at home. Health officers of the Department of National Health and Welfare, in stressing the value of a well balanced, fresh morning meal, suggest that this will save the mother a lot of trouble later, since "a well fed child is a happy child" and will not require as much attention later in the day.

"We should have some sense of priorities and values in these matters, particularly as to permits for breweries and distilleries." — A. M. Nicholson.

## Easterly Echoes

Mrs. P. M. King and son Reg, attended the wedding of Mrs. Shaw and Dr. Lowther in Edmonton. Messrs. David and Sam Holt accompanied them.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Savard at the Wainwright hospital, a son.

Quite a number from this district attended the opening ceremonies at the Wainwright High School Dormitory on Aug. 30. Among those in residence at the dormitory from this district are Miss Alison Rome, Martha Goodwin, Margaret Steele, Joy Enger, Anna Pascha, also Mr. Keith Wakefield.

We are sorry to hear of the illness of Miss Betty Armitage of Kinsella who has been spending a month with her grandmother, Mrs. T. Shaw in the Battle Heights district.

Mrs. Wellington Watson has returned after a trip to Iowa City, Iowa where she attended a family reunion of her sisters. One of her three sisters was from Montana. Mrs. Watson reports having a very enjoyable vacation.

There was a good gathering of ladies at the Legion hall on Tues. afternoon to discuss Red Cross activities for the coming season. It was decided to carry on for another year and the usual Tues. afternoon meetings at the Legion hall will be continued. The ladies have the hall all scrubbed up and ready for business. Bring your favorite needle and thimble and come along.

"If we can correct the conditions in the home, that is the best way to reform the child." — Hon. George H. Dunbar.

## Northern Nuggets

Mr. R. C. Johnson and son Robin, were Wednesday supper guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Ramsay.

Mr. and Mrs. Rick Larson were Manville visitors on Sat. Also seen in Manville Sat. was Mr. Raymond Ramsay.

Cutting operations in this district have almost been completed. Many threshing machines are being greased and oiled in preparation of the work ahead of them.

Mrs. E. B. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. J. Allen and family were seen looking over stocks of goods in Vermilion on Saturday.

Mr. Willie E. Ramsay has his car repaired now and after some six months rest, the wheels are doing "double time." (Only a rainstorm will prevent the dust from flying.)

## Wedding Bells

LOWTHER—SHAW

A quiet wedding took place in Edmonton on Thursday, Sept. 5 when Mrs. Bella Shaw, formerly of Irma, became the bride of Dr. J. Lowther of Edmonton.

The ceremony, conducted by the Rev. J. L. Wright, cousin of the groom, assisted by the Rev. McBeth Millar, took place before a small gathering of intimate friends.

Following the wedding, a reception to about 25 guests was held at the Corona hotel.

Mrs. Lowther made a host of friends during the years she lived in Irma and they all wish her every happiness.

THORESON—MINCKLER

A grey and brown tweed suit with white accessories and a corsage of talisman roses was the choice of Vivian Patricia, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Minckler, Chilliwack, when she exchanged marriage vows with Ralph Thoreson, only son of Mrs. Frank Williams, 109 Corbould St. The marriage was held Saturday evening in Emmanuel church with the Rev. C. Ansley officiating.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Frances Minckler, who chose a brown and beige plaid suit with gold and brown accessories. Her corsage was of yellow rose buds.

Supporting the groom was Ross May. Ushers were Harold Foster and Fred Beck. Mrs. L. N. McAuley played the wedding march. "O Perfect Love" was the selection sung by Mrs. Ray Stewart during the signing of the register.

Sweet peas and snapdragons decorated the home of the bride's parents where the reception was held. Presiding at the urns were Mrs. M. and Mrs. G. C. Rowan, parents of the bride and Mrs. G. C. Rowan who just recently arrived here from China. Serving were Mrs. George Blackburn, Mrs. Cecil Blackburn, Vancouver; and Misses Helen and Audrey Anderson; Mrs. R. E. MacDonald, Miss Frances Fulton, Mrs. H. V. Tournier, all of Chilliwack.

The bridegroom is a nephew of Mrs. P. E. Jones of Irma. He used to reside in Kinsella. The couple will reside on Cordill St. when they return from Bridal Falls.

"I am not an opponent of trade unions but I maintain that the failure of the Ottawa government to protect civil liberties of individuals and property rights against a rainstorm will prevent the dust from flying." — R. M. Willes Chitty.

## With the Field Supervisor

By F. W. Madder

### THE CONTROL OF QUACK GRASS

A number of the farms in the M.D. of Wainwright are becoming badly infested with Couch or Quack grass. In the following article are a few suggestions of the character and control of this weed.

Quack is a perennial which propagates by running root stocks and seeds. A small piece of the root stock, under favourable conditions, is capable of producing new plants. These are most often spread by farm implements, such as cultivators, harrows, or any dragging implement, moving from one infestation to the other without being cleaned properly.

A heavy infestation will have from four to five tons of root system per acre, and therefore it is extremely difficult to bring every root to the surface of the ground. Through a long period of experimenting, it has been proven that three to four hours in the bright sunlight is sufficient to destroy Quack Grass roots.

### Methods of Control:

- Cultivation:
  - Deep cultivation.
  - Surface cultivation.
- Chemicals:
  - Competitive crops.
  - Cultivation:
    - Deep cultivation.

This method is better practised on the heavier soils, and usually consists of shallow plowing and discing, followed by the use of the duckfoot cultivator or springtooth to bring the roots to the surface. This method is very destructive to the soil fibre, as much of the valuable organic matter in the root system is destroyed. In a dry year there is a danger of causing a deep layer of dry soil to further endanger soil erosion, as repeated discings and many operations with other cultivation implements are required.

### (b) Surface cultivation:

The implement best adapted to this method of eradication is the one-way disc tiller. When using the tiller, consideration is given to the fact that the above ground part of the weed is the food manufacturing portion of the plant. If this is cut off periodically over a sufficient length of time the roots will exhaust the food reserves in the roots by attempting to produce more leaves and stems. When the food reserves are exhausted, the plant will die. This method holds true in the eradication of all perennial weeds.

The first operation in the eradication of Quack Grass should be the shallow plowing of all infestations the last thing in the fall before freeze-up, DO NOT cultivate the fallowing. The following spring when a sufficient growth has appeared, cultivate with the tiller and continue the one-way disc every two weeks for the first part of the season when the regrowth is rapid. Longer intervals may be sufficient later in the season. Cultivation must be continued until freeze-up. Where this method is used the roots are left in the soil to decompose and add food and fibre. The tiller must be sharp and properly adjusted, or the operation will be useless. Cultivation should be shallow, just deep enough to make a clean cut.

### (c) Chemicals:

Sodium chlorate when used at the rate of two pounds per hundred square feet is usually an effective means of eradication. Chemical control is only practical for use on small patches or where cultivation is impractical because of the expense involved. Follow up treatment will be required to completely eradicate the weed.

### (d) Competitive Crops:

Such crops as Fall Rye and Olli barley are very good in competing with weeds. These crops should be used after summer-fallowing for Quack grass control as a few weakened roots may remain in the soil. Fall rye can be

## Bank of Montreal Crop Report No. 12

Alberta—With the return of warm, dry weather, all crops are maturing rapidly and harvesting, which was interrupted by the rains, is now progressing satisfactorily. Prospects remain favorable for better-than-average yields. Rains have benefited sugar beets and a good average crop is indicated. Honey production is estimated to exceed last year's crop.

Saskatchewan—Light to moderate rains again delayed operations in many areas during the past week and dry weather is required. Cutting is almost completed and threshing has made good progress in southern and central districts, and a good start has been made in the northern areas. Yields vary considerably, but grades are generally good excepting in the areas which suffered from drought throughout the growing season. Wheat production is estimated at 231,000,000 bushels, averaging 15.6 bushels per acre. Sufficient labor is available.

Manitoba—Harvesting operations, with cutting practically completed, were again delayed by rains during the past week. Threshing is general throughout the province. Yields and quality are generally good. Wheat production is estimated at 60,000,000 bushels, with an average yield per acre of 21.2 bushels. Harvest labor is sufficient. The sugar beet crop is satisfactory. An average honey crop is in prospect.

## COMMUNITY COOK BOOK



### SPONGE CAKE

4 egg yolks.  
3 tablespoons cold water.  
Beat until thick and lemon colored.

Add gradually 1 cup fine sugar and beat with egg beater 2 minutes.

Mix and sift 1 1/2 tablespoons corn starch.

1/2 cup flour; 1/4 teaspoons B. powder; 1/4 teaspoon salt and beat into mixture gradually.

Beat four eggs white very stiff and add flavoring and fold into mixture. Bake in layers in angel food cake pan for one half hour in moderate oven.

Mrs. R. D. Allen.

### DATE COOKIES

2 cups flour.  
1/4 cup milk.  
1 tsp. baking soda.  
1 cup white sugar.  
1 cup shortening.  
1 tsp. cream of tartar.  
2 eggs.

Sift flour, sugar, cream of tartar and soda together, rub in shortening, add eggs well beaten and mix well, roll out thin put dates between 2 cuts and bake.

Date filling, 1/2 cup dates, 1/4 cup of sugar, 1/4 cup water. Cook until paste form.—Mrs. R. D. Allen.

seeded late in the season and will ripen, early allowing for fall cultivation. Olli barley is an early maturing variety and can be seeded after two or three thorough spring cultivations, or if seeded first thing in the spring, it can be harvested early to allow fall cultivation.

Soil drifting and water erosion is often a problem, so it would be advisable to divide the fields that are heavily infested into strips that can be easily handled, and eradicate the weed by this method.

MISS W. P. REEVES

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## At the Churches

### UNITED CHURCH

Strawberry Plains—Sunday school and public worship at 11:00 a.m.

Alma Mater—Public worship at 4:00 p.m.

Albert—Public worship 2 p.m.

Irma Sunday school—11:00 a.m.

Worship Service—8:00 p.m.

The Rev. H. W. Inglis will be in charge.

I will fear no evil; for thou art with me. Psalm 23:4.

### CHRISTIAN AND MISSIONARY ALLIANCE

Education Point—11:00 a.m.

Jarrow—1:30 p.m.

Hardisty—3:45 p.m.

Irma—Bible school 2:15 p.m.

At 8:00 p.m. a very special when several young people who will soon be leaving for Bible school, will be giving their testimonies. Special messages in song.

"Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse his way? by taking heed thereto according to Thy word." Psalm 119:9

### ST. MARY'S CHURCH

Service of evening prayer will be held in St. Mary's church on Sunday, Sept. 15 at 2:30 p.m.

The Sept. meeting of the W.A. will be held on Friday, Sept. 20 at the home of Mrs. Targett at 3 p.m.

### NO FINISH LIKELY OF FARM HORSE

Those who may entertain the idea that the horse will eventually become obsolete as a source of farm power in Canada are entirely wrong, according to Prof. Grant McEwan, Professor of Animal Husbandry, University of Sask. Saskatchewan. Speaking recently to the 42nd annual meeting of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, he said that in spite of the advance in recent years of mechanization, the horse will continue to be useful in Canadian Agriculture.

The wise farmer, said Prof. McEwan, will continue to keep a team or two of good horses to do work which can be done cheaply by horsepower than by tractors.

The best mares on the farms should be kept producing, as big, quiet young mares would shortly command high prices. He thought the raising of range horses in large bunches, where the handling of them was difficult should not be encouraged as it was the gentle, farm-raised colt which was in demand, and readily found a good market.

"The difference between labor and management is far too small to warrant the time lost by the workers." — Reconstruction Minister C. D. Howe.

"It is these well-meaning careless people who cause a lot of suffering to animals." — H. P. Hill.

### Wm. KRAUSE, Optometrist

Of Vermilion, Alta.

will be at

KINSELLA Hotel Thur. a.m. Sep. 19th.

IRMA—Mrs. B. Long's, Thur. p.m.

Sep. 19.

### PURVIS, JOHNSTON and MCKENZIE

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Edmonton, Alta.

### Canadians Get New Ration Book

Yellow-covered Ration Book No. 6, upper right, will be the constant companion of Canadian consumers for some months to come. Distrib-

ution of the new book will take place during the week of Sep. 9 to 16 in all parts of Canada. Upper left, three householders check over their present ration books, pre-

paring to make out the application card at the back of each book, as shown in lower left. Lower left, volunteers at a distribution centre prepare to issue the new books.

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## A World History Book

MANY OF THE PRESENT DIFFICULTIES existing between nations are no doubt to some extent due to difference in language and in viewpoint. Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt has expressed the opinion that differences in language form one of the greatest menaces to complete international accord, and during his years as Prime Minister of Britain, Winston Churchill expressed the same thought. There have been many proposals for the setting up of an international language, and if this could be accomplished it would no doubt prove to be of great benefit. Another proposal which has been discussed on various occasions, concerns the introduction of a uniform history book to be used in every country of the world.

**Would Learn Some Facts**

The latest organization to bring this matter before the public is the American National Education Association. This association, at its recent annual meeting, discussed the possibility of a world history text-book, compiled by an international panel of historians, "to be published in all languages and used in every nation." Among the advantages of such a book were those expressed by one speaker who said: "Our children would be learning the same facts about Russia that English, French and German children learn about her, and Russia would be learning the same facts about us that her European neighbors do." It was agreed that the world history book would be supplemented by the regular history courses of the country in which it was used.

**Great Need For Better Basis**

It is apparent from the events which have followed the end of the Second World War, that there is great need for a better basis of understanding between nations. It is difficult to comprehend why people who fought so splendidly together for a common cause, should find themselves divided on many issues in time of peace. World leaders would do well to consider the proposals of educators and others who advocate the spreading of greater understanding through an international language and international history texts. These are only two of many plans for eliminating the barriers between nations in the hope of preventing future wars, but no factor should be overlooked in our efforts to find a basis for permanent world peace.



### Flying Farmers

Take To The Air To Look After Their Crops

TORONTO Flying farmers are the latest post-war phenomenon. Three of them arrived at Toronto's Malton airport from the southwestern United States to describe their work over a national radio network.

Horace Watson of Oklahoma, president of the National Flying Farmers Association; Gale Rogers of Yuma, Col., and Hal Remond of Denver, Colo., were the only way to look after a farm—to dust the crops, check the cattle, supervise the fencing and ship the crops.

### PILOTS AT FIFTY

Airway News says airplane pilots can be pilots longer if they "live right". In 1945, 13 air lines had 29 first pilots and nine supervising pilots over 50 years of age. Dr. Ross A. McFarland, testifying before the White House fact finding board on pilot wages, said that with proper diet and exercises, and moderation in use of alcohol and tobacco, many pilots stretch their earning life to 50.

**Scotf Kilts**

Hold To Be Quite Popular For Active Service

"Battle rompers" may be all right for active service but if the Canadian army wants to attract recruits, particularly to reserve units, it should revert to kiltsed regiments, Maj. Leslie Munro (L-Winnipeg South) told the Commons.

Major Muir, who in the early days of the war wore his kilts in the House, said it was not enough that men should be allowed to wear kilts for walking out dress.

"There's something about it that appeals to those with Scotf blood; that every one admires and that every one tries to crawl into when the time comes to recruit," he said.

### NORTHERN AIR TRAFFIC

Development of air travel into the northland, to make available to tourists the sport fishing possibilities of that section of the province, was recommended to the Saskatchewan Royal Commission on Fish and Game by the commission's Regina Board of Trade. With funds into the north country poor, Mr. Aitken thought the best solution was development of air traffic. Landing strips for land planes should be built at Prince Albert National Park, he said.

Cinnabar belongs to the mineral kingdom and is the chief ore of mercury.

## Price Control And Rationing Information

Will all the coupons in ration book five be declared valid?

No. All coupons in ration book five will not be declared valid. Coups Q26, and R22 to R50, inclusive, will not be used. When all valid coupons in ration book five have been used, the book should be destroyed.

Is there still a price ceiling on all motor vehicles?

Yes. All motor vehicles have a definite price ceiling. If you contact your nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office, full details will be given.

Will you kindly tell me the number of coupons included in ration book six?

In Ration book six there should be two sheets of "B" coupons for butter, two sheets of "M" coupons for meat and two sheets of "S" coupons for sugar. There are also three sheets of spare coupons for "X", "Y" and "V". Each sheet in the ration book is made up with 25 coupons. Check your new book, and if it is not correct, contact your local ration board.

Should my name and address be written on each page of the new ration book?

There is a space left on each page of ration book six where you should fill in your name and address.

Please send your questions or your request for the pamphlet "Consumers' News" or the Blue Book in which you keep track of your ceiling prices, mentioning the name of this paper to the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office in your province.

**CAMERA "GHOSTS"**

An American cameraman has invented a new way of giving that shimmering effect to "ghosts" and "dust". An electric blower is placed beneath the camera lens to blow warm air masses ascending from the heater disturb the atmosphere and thus give a tremulous appearance to everything within camera range. The effect will be similar to that seen on hot summer days when the intense heat reflected from the roads make them appear to wobble.

It may not have been the great music we hear along the radios of today, but the family singing the old folk songs before Christmas, the tender hymns and home was Home Sweet Home and everything and everyone seemed safe and secure.

The radio typically represents modern living, the old player organ something that we have lost—and nobody cares but the tired old has been who are just as "queer" as the old organs—Hanover Post.

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## OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY—

## SHORT MAN

By RAE RESNICK

Copyright Wheeler Newspaper Syndicate

JACK KERRIGAN walked into the large, bare room and nodded to his assistant, Frank. A group of men and boys were standing around, some staring at the thick mats on the floor, others waiting eagerly, impatiently, for his assistant to start things going.

Whether those men would enroll in the course depended on Frank's opening speech and their reactions. Frank was a clever boy, and of his end very well. He started the session with the same old spic; one that would encourage every one of them to take the course no matter what his reason was for wanting to do so. Jack knew most of their reasons and tailored Frank's speech to fit them.

"The reason you're here," Frank was about to start, when he was cut off by a sharp, "Halt!"

Frank's voice boomed, but Jack was not listening to the routine speech. He was hearing, rats and remembering last night.

Even in the rain, Jack liked walking with Millie. He liked the way she tucked her arms behind his in the way her curly bobbed up and down with each energetic step she took.

But this time, he liked walking with her because she wasn't than he was.

Occasionally, she turned her head to smile at him. She wasn't sure at him any more, he thought. That was swell. A week ago, she had looked as though she hated him. "Don't see any jobs cruising around," he said, "so we'll never get one." His shoulders were hunched as though to ward off the rain. "As soon as we pass a telephone I'll try to get one," he told her.

Frank's voice crept back into his consciousness. "When you have mastered that art," Frank continued, "you will be able to protect yourself in the fight, whereas for now, the odds have been too much against you to give you a chance of winning."

Jack's thoughts went back to Millie and himself. They had come to a telephone.

She looked up and down the deserted street and said, "It's late outside, we can't phone." But there wouldn't be a cab for fifteen minutes, he was told. He decided not to call again. Millie was alone.

Going outside, he saw a bedraggled mooccher standing near her, collar turned up, watching eagerly as Millie rummaged in her purse for some coins.

"Scaven," he ordered the mooccher authoritatively.

Barley turning his attention from Millie's searching hands, the derelict said, "In a minute."

That rankled Jack. Even the beggar wasn't afraid of him. No one had any respect for a short man. It always hurt him to have Millie see the lack of respect people had for

him. But he never missed an opportunity to show he could hold his own. Jack grabbed the man's arm, and, with one swift movement, tossed him over his shoulder. "When I say something, I mean it, see?"

Millie rushed over to the man who was sprawled out on the wet pavement. "You didn't have to do that," she said, screaming. "You could have hurt a helpless man, just to show off." Last week it was the man at the dance, and he didn't even do anything."

"He tried to get fresh with you," she said. "He did not. He only asked me to dance."

He took a deep breath. "Just because you're a big girl," he thought he could out in one girl, "but I'm not any more. Not any more. You're smaller than most men, all right—smaller inside." White with anger, she walked away.

Frank was winding up. "There is no room for many of you to want to take this course—it is to win the admiration and love of women because of your ability to protect them. And here is the man who will help you toward that achievement, gentleman, the best ju jitsu expert in the country, Jack Kerrigan."

## SELECTED

## RECIPES

**MOCHA WALNUT CAKE**  
1 cup butter or good shortening  
1 cup fine white sugar  
1 1/2 cups flour  
3 scant teaspoons Melrose baking powder  
3 eggs, whites  
1/4 teaspoon salt  
1/2 cup chopped walnuts  
1/2 cup strong Melrose coffee  
1/2 cup cream butter and sugar thoroughly until the sugar is dissolved.  
Sift flour, salt, and baking powder twice, and add alternately with the strained coffee. Add the walnuts, fold in well beaten egg whites. Pour mixture into two greased pans, filling about two full pans, bake in a 350 deg. F. oven for 25 minutes. Top with a coffee icing.

**MELROSE BUTTERMILK CAKE**  
1 1/2 cup butter or good shortening  
1 cup fine white sugar  
2 eggs, well-beaten  
2 1/2 cups sifted cake flour  
1/2 teaspoon baking soda  
1/2 teaspoon Melrose baking powder  
1/2 cup buttermilk  
1 teaspoon Melrose vanilla  
1/4 teaspoon Melrose almond extract  
1/4 teaspoon Melrose lemon extract  
1/4 cup cream butter  
Blend in well beaten eggs. Sift flour and baking powder and soda and salt together, stir into "creamed" mixture alternately with the buttermilk, add the cream butter in a 350 deg. F. oven for 35 to 40 minutes. This is a very nice cake.

## TRAIN WATCH MAKERS

The British Ministry of Education is starting a national college for the watch and clock industry now being revived in Britain. The industry now has 10,000 employees, and hopes to manufacture this year a total of 2,000,000 clocks and watches, with plans to produce 5,000,000 next year.



## WIRED FOR SOUND

Many Loudspeakers Create Constant Din At Luxembourg Palace

Luxembourg Palace is known to peace conference delegates as the site of the world's best organized uproar. It literally is wired for sound.

The enormous, luxurious building, constructed for the Societe de Medici, a widespread, amateur�

taking distribution of loudspeakers ensures an almost constant din.

If a delegate from Russia, Britain

or the United States indulges in an hour-long speech, the recorded translations will haunt him long after he has finished speaking.

He will hear his words in the Assembly, in the corridors, writing rooms, and even in the first and department. If he happens to go there looking for an iced tea.

None but the inexperienced open a window in search of respite. In the courtyard and in adjacent streets another battery of loudspeakers shrill forth, summoning vehicles for delegates to and from the building.

Some delegates, perhaps construing the universal clamor as a challenge, provide their own cacophony in the form of motorcycle escorts. Peace—it's wonderful.

## Vessels Scrapped

Famous Ships of Grand Fleet To Be Scrapped

Flagship of the Grand Fleet. In 1914-16, the Iron Duke is to be scrapped at the British ship-breaking works of Lord Jellicoe's flag.

The battle of Jutland in 1916 cheated the wreckers in 1930 when she was one of five British battleships to be discarded under the international treaty of that year. Instead of being scrapped, she was "demilitarized", and became a gunnery training vessel.

Her side armor was removed,

four of her 10 inch guns taken away,

and her speed lowered by reducing her boiler power. Now she is arrived at Faslane-on-the-Clyde to be broken up.

Until the Queen Elizabeth was completed in January of 1915, the Iron Duke class headed Britain's list of battleships. Dismouthing of 21,250 tons, 12-inch guns, she had a top speed of 10 1/2 inches.

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## The LETTER BOX

(The Times is not responsible for opinions expressed by contributors or correspondents.)

Sept. 4, 1946.

To the Editor,

The Irma Times:

With the calling of a non-delivery strike for midnight Friday, September 6, the Alberta Farmers' Union has set a precedent in the policy of farm organizations the world over.

Since its inception, this very progressive organization has had in mind the possibility of taking strike action should other means fail to gain for the farmers the proper recognition of their requests as presented by annual conventions from time to time.

However, the general trend of Canadian policy has forced the western farmers to a showdown sometime before we had expected it. It is regrettable that we have been forced to take this action at this time. However, when we sent our delegation to Ottawa to present our requests we had hoped to get at least some concessions. This, however, was not the case. Our recommendations were turned down flat. In view of this fact we have no other alternative but to call a non-delivery strike and withhold our produce for thirty days, or until satisfactory negotiations have been reached.

We are asking the farmers, whether members or not, to give this strike their whole-hearted support, as all will share equally in any benefits derived from our actions.

We would ask the consuming public to consider the farmers' position very carefully before directing their criticism against one group or another.

We wish to remind the public that we are not asking for higher prices for our produce, but to maintain the costs of production at a level where the farmers can make a decent standard of living after expenses are met.

The workers and business men are asked to consider their position today if it were not for the small measure of prosperity which the farmers are now enjoying. Remember this—if the farmer is prosperous, all are prosperous.

Sincerely yours,

C. J. Stimpfle

Pres. Alta. Farmers Union

Spruce Grove, Alberta.  
Editor,  
Irma Times,  
Sir—

The case for Parity Prices for Farm Products is overwhelming, strong, both for the good of the farmers and also other trades and business.

When, however, it is coupled with a demand for a fixed net price for wheat over a five-year period, which demand is backed up with the threat of a strike by the AFU, then it causes one to doubt if they understand their own proposals.

A Parity Price for wheat means that wheat prices will rise or fall in proportion as the prices of other commodities rise or fall all which the farmer has to buy, in order to enjoy a comparable standard of living.

Suppose the Fact Finding Board asked by the AFU is able to determine Parity Prices and that as a result of possible reductions in freight rates, and the price of farm machinery, which are also being asked for, the Parity Price for wheat should drop below the \$1.55 net which the union is demanding for the next five years. Is the union going to carry out its threat of a strike even though it should be established by such a Board that \$1.55 net to the farmers is above Parity

## FLEAS MAY BE POLIO CARRIER

The mystery of how polio is communicated to people is still as great as ever after all these years of experience with the disease. Its origin is more mysterious than yellow fever was before experiments demonstrated that a certain female mosquito was the carrier of the dreaded disease, which discovery has practically eliminated yellow fever from the world. A resident of Minnesota advances the theory that fleas may be the carriers of polio. While attending theatres in the cities he noticed that some kind of tiny insect was apparently flying around annoying people, and were bothering him. As it was hardly likely that mosquitoes could be present in a darkened theatre in such numbers he investigated and found that the insects were fleas hopping around on the audience. This seemed a surprising thing to occur in Minnesota, and it occurred to him that the fleas may be the carriers of polio. The flea becomes active and breeds in dry hot weather, and is curbed by cold and damp weather. That is why California and other dry states are noted for their great plagues of fleas where old-timers used to say that there were "ten fleas to every grain of sand." The period of polio is confined largely to the dry, hot summer, corresponding to the activity of fleas in the state. Fleas are present on rats and all fur bearing animals. They are always present on cats, dogs and other domestic animals. Children playing with household pets afflicted with fleas would account to some degree for the high percentage of them being afflicted with polio during the hottest and driest season of the year. The flea penetrates the skin when it bites and could thus convey the germs or virus of disease, and it is claimed that the contagion of bubonic plague, as well as other plagues, are often conveyed by fleas that infest rats. If so, there is a possibility that the epidemic of polio in the United States is caused in the same manner. It should be worth investigating as to the possibilities.

## FRESH AIR

Living in stuffy, closed-up rooms is courting anaemia, headache and lack of energy. Health authorities of the department of national health and welfare, Ottawa, point out that fresh air helps to ward off disease, and urge that rooms be filled frequently with fresh life-giving air, particularly where there are children in the house. Open windows and doors wide whenever possible, say the doctors.

level? If so, what is the use of the Board at all?

The argument for Parity Prices is being weakened by the attitude of the union in introducing other matters which indicate that political leanings are more important to some members of the AFU Board than the economic question of Parity Prices for farm products.

There is now no doubt of their political leaning because the Board of the AFU addressed a letter to Prime Minister McKenzie King giving support to a resolution asking that Trieste be turned over to the Yugo Slavs.

Such action by the Board of non-political farmers union is conclusive proof that the majority of the present members of the AFU Board have betrayed the union on the altar of their own political leanings and are not to be further trusted with carrying on the future work of the union.

Yours sincerely,

Ed Kuhl.

## TRAVEL BY BUS!

Effective July 22nd, 1946

## Additional Service and New Time

EDMONTON—CHAUVIN

Going West ..... 9:25 a.m. Going East ..... 8:30 p.m.

Edmonton—Viking local leaves Viking going west 7:30 a.m.

daily

For full information see your local agent

**Sunburst Motor Coaches Ltd.**

## LOCALS

We are sorry to report that Mrs. Geo. Fischer received word early Tuesday morning of the death of her father, Mr. Dutton. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fischer left for Edmonton on Tuesday.

Our old friend, Mr. R. J. Rohr, was a visitor in Irma last week.

Mrs. T. H. Brooks, Aubrey and Shirley have left the Irma district to make their home in Winnipeg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruth Reeds (nee Ruth Reeds) are visiting in Irma for a few days prior to going to their new home at Notikewin.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutchinson are visitors to the city this week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Anquist on Sunday Sept. 1 at the Castor hospital, a son.

The Rev. and Mrs. Longmire and daughter Lois, were visitors in Irma last week.

Mr. T. E. Yarr was called away to Winnipeg last Wednesday owing to the illness of his brother, Mr. Jack Yarr.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Simmermon spent a few days in Irma last week.

The Irma hard ball team has ceased its activities for the season and had the tidy sum of \$186 in the bank.

Word has just been received of the death of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bushey. Funeral to be held in Irma, Thursday, Sept. 12.

A car load of fruit arrived in Irma last week and all the housewives are busy canning. If only we had more sugar coupons what we couldn't do.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Weisser have returned from a trip to Medicine Hat, where they visited the latter's parents. On their return they stopped at Brooks and Calgary to renew old friends.

## SERVING UNEMPLOYMENT NEEDS OF PEACE

It seems that there are many persons who still refer to Canada's National Employment Service as Selective Service. This is incorrect.

National Selective Service was inaugurated in March, 1942, for the purpose of directing the nation's manpower into channels where it would best serve the imperative needs of War. The National Employment Service, which is established on a permanent basis, is designed to serve the employment needs of Peace.

On August 15, 1946, it was announced officially by Hon. Humphrey Mitchell, Minister of Labour, that both National registration and selective service mobilization regulations established by order-in-council were revoked effective that date. This means that, with the exception of a few requirements incorporated into the National Employment Service, Selective Service is now practically non-existent.

Few, if any, will mourn the demise of national registration and compulsory military training. For we are a freedom-loving people, and anything that infringes on our personal liberty is anathema.

Nevertheless, these two regulations will not be committed to the grave entirely "unhonored and unsung." For while they represented the very entitethes of our democratic way of life, at the same time they played an invaluable role in helping to preserve those principles of freedom upon which this nation is founded.

Now that the threat of Axis domination has been removed, Canadian men and women can once again turn their attention to the pursuit of Peace. The road ahead however, is not an easy one. There are many problems to be solved, many obstacles to be overcome. But if we all pull together and try to see the other fellow's point of view, I am confident that the establishment of the sort of world for which thousands fought and died, is not beyond the realm of possibility.

One of the essential requirements for a prosperous and happy Canada is the maintenance of a normal level of employment. In order to help achieve this, Canada's peace-time National Employment Service has pledged its full co-operation and support.

Fred J. White,  
Regional Superintendent.

## ABOUT WHISTLE BAIT AND JUNIOR WOLVES

Walt Disney's latest hit, "Make Mine Music" brings back memories.

It was in your high school days, someone had intimated you were just "a kid." Your feelings were hurt because YOU knew you had a mind of your own, your own set of likes and dislikes, your own hero and heroine.

And now you're older, and wiser. But those who have replaced you at school still have those same feelings, and today their wishes are in a large measure fulfilled. They have a "language" all their own. The money they spend has revolutionized merchandising in certain lines to such an extent that many stores have redesigned their shops to include a hide-out where only Teen Agers can shop. Petticoats have even been renamed "Betty-boots" after their favourite fashion designer, Betty Betz. They even have their own kind of greeting cards.

They have more money to spend a recent survey showed more than two million youngsters in Canada between the ages of 10 and 20 with approximately \$45,000,000 to spend each year.

Disney's, "Make Mine Music" is a sort of Fantasia set to folk songs and modern music. After brushing up on their vocabulary with a screening of the film, you can expect to overhear the following conversation anywhere: "How ya doin, Hug, are you a sunken punkin?—You're not?—You're a Cruisin' Susan! Okay then, here's a neat greet—Hi Celery! let's stalk!" (Which, being translated, means: "How are you, girlie? are you lonely and low?—You're not? You're a gal who gets around?—Well then, how about this dance?")

As you can see, young folk today have a vocabulary that is different. Yet, withal, it goes with their mode of dance and entertainment—good, clean, wholesome fun.

Would you like to be "in the know" on the prevailing Teen Age slang? Below is an up-to-date list of many expressions. Try them on your friends.

Alligator—swing fan.  
Ameche—telephone.  
Atomic—super wonderful.  
Bacallish—Attractive girl.  
Blitz-Buggy—automobile.  
Boone—box—mouth.  
Boogie—jive music (8 to the bar).  
Cellmate—classmate.  
Clamp Up—stop talking.  
Clickers—a couple going steady C.O.D.—come over, dear.  
Collapse—sit down.  
Corner Casbah—favourite hangout.

On August 15, 1946, it was announced officially by Hon. Humphrey Mitchell, Minister of Labour, that both National registration and selective service mobilization regulations established by order-in-council were revoked effective that date. This means that, with the exception of a few requirements incorporated into the National Employment Service, Selective Service is now practically non-existent.

Few, if any, will mourn the demise of national registration and compulsory military training. For we are a freedom-loving people, and anything that infringes on our personal liberty is anathema.

Nevertheless, these two regulations will not be committed to the grave entirely "unhonored and unsung." For while they represented the very entitethes of our democratic way of life, at the same time they played an invaluable role in helping to preserve those principles of freedom upon which this nation is founded.

Now that the threat of Axis domination has been removed, Canadian men and women can once again turn their attention to the pursuit of Peace. The road ahead however, is not an easy one. There are many problems to be solved, many obstacles to be overcome. But if we all pull together and try to see the other fellow's point of view, I am confident that the establishment of the sort of world for which thousands fought and died, is not beyond the realm of possibility.

One of the essential requirements for a prosperous and happy Canada is the maintenance of a normal level of employment. In order to help achieve this, Canada's peace-time National Employment Service has pledged its full co-operation and support.

Fred J. White,  
Regional Superintendent.

## Cash UCTION SALE

for  
MRS. SIDNEY PAVELY

On the NE 16-46-94, 4 miles north  
of Irma.  
Sale starts at 1:00 p.m. on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17th

## LIVESTOCK, POULTRY

Five head of cattle; 4 head of  
work horses; 3 feeder hogs; 100  
seed drill buggies; plow; disc, etc.

## FARM MACHINERY

Good line of farm equipment in-  
cluding Case 12-32 tractor, in fair  
shape; wagons; sleigh; harrow cart;  
seed drill buggies; plow; disc, etc.

## HOUSEHOLD GOODS

China sideboard; cupboards; 2  
beds; couch; stove; heaters; dining  
table; bureau; baby crib; and  
numerous other items.

## MISCELLANEOUS

Star car; cream separator; 2 in-  
cubators; brooder stove; grinder;  
2 buildings, 14-32, 10x12; electric  
fencer; hay; wire; eveners; tools  
and many other items too numerous  
to mention.

GORDON STALKER, Auctioneer,  
License No. 24-46-47  
J. Fletcher, clerk

"During the past year, the most important task before the leaders of the western democracies has been to expose the hidden hand of the regime of Moscow."—J. S. Eason.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the matter of the Estate of  
P. J. HARVEY, late of the  
district of Irma, in the province  
of Alberta, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of P. J. Harvey, who died on or about the 28th day of April, 1946, are required to file with the undersigned by the 15th day of October, 1946, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any debts held by them and that after that date, the Administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been given to him or which have been brought to his knowledge.

Roy Jackson, solicitor for the  
Administrator, Empire Building,  
Edmonton Alberta,  
C. L. Holt, Administrator,  
Irma, Alberta.  
6-13c

Square—a person who doesn't  
Cruisin Susan—girl who gets  
a snazzy—smooth.  
Solid sender—strictly perfect.  
Swoon stand—chair.  
Taxi up—come here.  
Ticks—moments.  
Twister to the turner—dooh key.  
Vansome—attractive boy.  
Watch works—brains.  
Whistle bait—smooth looking  
clothes.

Wing ding—head covering.  
You melt me—I like you.  
You shred it, wheat—you said it  
Zoot bat—funny looking.

Ah, youth! It's wonderful. Isn't it?

• MORE APPLES THIS YEAR •

Apples were scarce in Canada in the 1945-46 season due to an exceptionally short crop in 1945. This year a bumper crop is expected, says the Dominion Department of Agriculture. Trees, heavily weighed down with fruit as the one shown in this picture, are to be seen in many orchards.

## SOAPLESS SUDS

The scarcity of soap in stores these days has brought many soapless cleaning products to our attention. Here are some facts from the Home Economics Service about these preparations and suggestions as to their use in the home:

Like soap, these new products increase the "wetting power" of water so that it reaches the innermost parts of the material even more effectively than soap. In hard water they have an advantage over soap. Because they do not combine with the minerals that cause hardness in water, as soap does, they clean as well in hard water as in soft water. Because their solutions are more alkaline, they can be used with some fabrics and dyes that will be injured by soap. In hard water they do not give the cloudiness characteristic of soap. While they appear expensive, a little goes a long way.

These products should not be thought of as soap. They do not remove some kind of soil that soap removes. On the other hand, they remove fats and oils so completely that it is advisable to use creams and lotions on your hands as they tend to dry the skin.

These products are excellent for washing greasy dishes, removing grease from frying pans, oven and broiler, cleaning bathroom fixtures and sinks of hard water deposits, and cleaning clothing that has become greasy and stiffened by washing with soap in hard water.

Some of these products must be used sparingly if at all on linoleum, paint, furniture, and other material in which oil is an important constituent. However, some of the newer preparations are made especially for cleaning paint and linoleum. It is important to read the labels on the packages which tell where and how these products may be used.

## PIDGEON WITH BANDS JOINS FARM FLOCK

A pigeon, believed valued by some Alberta owner, visited the farm of E. Rae, recently and the bird has decided to become a member of the farm flock. In an effort to find the owner, the Rae family has supplied the following information.

The bird has a band on its left leg with the figures 1-6115 and on the right leg, AF 46 893.

## BRIGHT Spots for Listeners

3:45 p.m. MOODS IN MELODY (Lloyd Cooper at the piano).

4:00 p.m. SHOPPERS' GUIDE

4:15 p.m. JACK SMITH SHOW

(All Monday Thru Friday)

930 on your dial

**C J C A**